

**THE MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS,  
DENTISTS, PARAMEDICALS AND  
ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS ACT**

THE MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS, DENTISTS, PARAMEDICALS AND ALLIED  
HEALTH PROFESSIONALS ACT

PART I

PRELIMINARY

- Short title and commencement 1. *This Act may be cited as the Medical Practitioners, Dentists, Paramedicals and Allied Professionals Act.*
- Interpretation 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—
- “Council”* means the Medical Council of Malawi established by section 3;
- “Medical Practitioner”* means a person registered as such under section 18;
- “Dentist”* means a person registered as such under section 18;
- “Paramedical and Allied Health Professional”* a person registered as such under section 18;
- “Dispensing”* means the process of retrieving, formulating, processing and delivery of drugs and medicines;
- “Member”* in relation to the Council means a member thereof appointed, elected, or ordained under section 4 (1) or (4) or section 6;
- “Registrar”* means the Registrar of the Council appointed under section 14;
- “Repealed Act”* means the Medical Practitioners and Dentists Registration Act repealed by section 79;
- “Stock”* means to store in a room or lockable cupboard under section 44;
- “Private Practice”* – includes the entire process of consultation, counseling, diagnosing disease or ascertaining the existence, degree or extent of a physiological condition and giving medical, surgical or dental advice or treatment and prescribing, administering or dispensing medicines for treating or preventing physical or mental defects, illness or deficiencies in human beings

*under section 44 (1);*

*“Medicinal Product” means medicinal product as defined in the Pharmacy, Medicines and Poisons Act;*

*“Open shop or pharmacy” means a situation where the supply of medicines and medicinal products to the public is not done by prescription under section 44.*

## PART II

### THE MEDICAL COUNCIL

- Establishment of the Medical Council**
3. There is hereby established a council to be known as Medical Council of Malawi, which shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal and shall, under that name, be capable of suing and being sued and of purchasing or otherwise acquiring, holding and alienating moveable or immovable property and, subject to the provisions of this Act, of performing all such acts as bodies corporate may by law perform.
- Composition of the Council**
4. (1) Subject to subsection (3), the Council shall consist the following members, each of whom shall, except in the case of an ex officio member, be a citizen of Malawi and be of good character and good standing –
- (a) *the Secretary for Health who shall be an ex officio member.*
  - (b) *one representative of the Christian Health Association of Malawi who shall be an ex officio member.*
  - (c) *one medical practitioner representing the College of Medicine elected from the staff of that College.*
  - (d) *one representative of the Nurses and Midwives Council of Malawi established by the Nurses and Midwives Act who shall be an ex officio member.*
  - (e) *one representative of the Pharmacy Medicines and Poisons Board established under the Pharmacy*

***Medicines and Poisons Act who shall be an ex officio member.***

- (f) five members elected by the Medical Association of Malawi and at least one of whom shall be elected from amongst private medical and dental practitioners and one of whom shall be elected from amongst paramedicals and allied health professionals.***
- (g) two members appointed by the Minister representing the public of whom one shall be a lawyer.***
- (h) the Solicitor General or his duly designated alternate who shall be an ex officio member.***

(2) A member of the Council, not being a member ex-officio, shall hold office for three years *from the date of appointment and shall be eligible for reappointment.*

(3) Where the Minister or the Medical Association of Malawi for any reason whatsoever is unable to appoint or elect any number of members of the Council, he or it is required to elect under subsection (1), the ***Members appointed or elected under sections 1(a) to 1(g) may by special meeting*** appoint to the Council an equal number of members from amongst persons eligible for appointment or election under that subsection, and the members so appointed shall hold office until substituted by members appointed or elected under subsection (1).

(4) Upon the appointment or election to the Council of any member, the *Registrar* shall cause notice of such appointment or election to be published in the Gazette and shall in such notice specify the current membership of the Council resultant upon such appointment or election.

Vacation, etc,  
*to*  
of members  
of the Council  
for

5. (1) ***The Council may require a member of the Council cease to hold office if that member –***
- (a) has become insolvent or has assigned his estate the benefit of, or made a composition or other arrangement with his creditors; or
  - (b) has been absent from three consecutive meetings of the Council, of which he has had notice, without the

leave of the Council, or

- (c) has been disqualified under this Act from carrying on his profession or calling; or
- (d) has been convicted of an offence under this Act or the repealed Act or any law relating to poisons or drugs; or
- (e) has been convicted –
  - (i) within Malawi of a criminal offence ***and has been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of six months or more without option of a fine; or***
  - (ii) outside Malawi of an offence by whatever name called which, if committed within Malawi, would have been a criminal offence, and sentenced to imprisonment for a term of six months or more without the option of a fine, whether or not such sentence has been suspended, and has not received a free pardon; or
  - (iii) is mentally or physically incapable or efficiently performing his duties as a member of the Council; or
  - (iv) has had a penalty imposed upon him under this Act by the Council.

(2) ***No member of the Council against whom***

- (a) criminal proceedings have been instituted for an offence in respect of which a sentence of imprisonment for a term of six months or more without the option of a fine may be imposed; or
- (b) disciplinary proceedings under this Act are instituted by the Disciplinary Committee  
***shall carry out any duties as a member until such criminal or disciplinary proceedings are determined***

Filling of  
vacancies on

6. (1) On vacation of office by a member of the Council, the the vacancy shall be filled by a person appointed or elected

the Council

in accordance with the relevant provisions of section 4(1) under which the former member was appointed or elected:

Provided that if the remaining period is less than six months, then—

- (a) in the case of an appointed member, the Minister may decide not to have the vacancy filled until the expiry of the period; and
- (b) in the case of an elected member, it shall not be necessary to hold an election and the Council may, if it sees fit, either decide not to have the vacancy filled or co-opt a person to fill the vacancy.

(2) If any member of the Council is granted leave of absence by the Council, the Council may, if it sees fit, co-opt a person who belongs to the same profession or calling as the member who has been granted leave to fill the vacancy during the absence of that member.

Co-opted  
persons

**7. *The Council may in its discretion at any time and for any length of period invite any person, to attend any meeting of the Council and take part in the deliberations of the Council, but such person shall not be entitled to vote at that meeting.***

Chairman and  
*constituted*  
Vice-Chairman

**8. (1) *At the first meeting of every newly constituted Council, the members of the Council shall elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman who shall be either a medical practitioner or dentist.***

**(2) *The first meeting of the newly constituted Council shall be convened by the Secretary for Health who shall also be the returning officer.***

**(3) *The Chairman and Vice Chairman shall hold office during the term of office of the members of the Council unless they shall sooner resign or cease to be members of the Council.***

(4) The office of the Chairman or Vice Chairman shall become vacant:

- (a) if the holder resigns his office by notice in writing to

the Council; or

(b) if the holder of the office ceases to be a member of the Council; or

(c) if the Council so directs

(5) Whenever the Chairman is absent or is for any cause unable to discharge the functions of his office, the Vice-Chairman shall discharge the functions of the Chairman.

### PART III

#### MEETINGS OF THE COUNCIL

Meetings of  
the Council

9. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Council shall hold ordinary meetings for the dispatch of business at least four times in each year. *In an election year, the first meeting shall be held within thirty days after the elections.*

(2) An extraordinary meeting the Council –

(a) may be convened by the Chairman at any time; and

(b) shall be convened by the Chairman within twenty-one days of the receipt by him of a request in writing signed by not less than five members of the Council and specifying the purpose for which the meeting is to be convened.

(3) At any meeting of the Council –

(a) the Chairman or, in his absence the Vice-Chairman, shall preside;

(b) if the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the members present and forming the quorum shall elect one of their number to preside; and

(c) the quorum shall be formed by any **fifty percent of the** members.

(4) At any meeting the decision of the Council on any matter shall be that of the majority of the members present and voting at that meeting, and in the event of an equality of

votes, the Chairman or the person presiding shall have a casting vote in addition to his deliberate vote.

(5) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Council may make rules for the regulation of its proceedings and business and may vary, suspend or revoke any such rules.

(6) The record of any meeting of the Council shall be made available to any person registered under this Act at all reasonable times at the offices of the Council.

Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as entitling a registered person to peruse the records of:

- (a) a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee or any other committee of the Council; or
- (b) the Council where the Council has resolved that it shall sit as a committee.

***(7)(a) A member of the Council whose personal interest is in conflict with any matter being considered or about to be considered by the Council shall, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to his knowledge, disclose the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Council.***

***(b) The disclosure shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.***

***(c) A member shall not take part in the deliberations on or decision about the matter if the Council decides that the member's interest might prejudicially affect-***

- (i) his consideration of the matter; or***
- (ii) the Council's consideration of the matter.***

***(d) For the purpose of the making of a decision by the Council in relation to a member who has made a disclosure under this subsection; the member shall not-***

- (i) be present during any deliberation of the Council for the purpose of making the***



*decision or; or*

*(ii) take part in the making by the Council of the decision*

*Provided that the absence of the member in accordance with this subsection shall not invalidate a meeting otherwise validly convened.*

*(8) Where a member of the Council fails to disclose a material interest in accordance with subsection (7) of this section that member shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K1,000 and imprisonment for six months.*

## **PART IV**

### **FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COUNCIL**

**Functions of  
the Council**

- 10.** The Council shall be the sole registering authority of all persons required to be registered under this Act and shall have the following further functions:
- (a) to assist in the promotion and improvement of the health of the population of Malawi;
  - (b) to control and to exercise authority affecting the training of persons in and the performance of the practices pursued in connection with, the diagnosis, treatment or prevention of physical or mental defects, illness or deficiencies in human beings;
  - (c) to exercise disciplinary control over the professional conduct of all persons registered under this Act and practicing in Malawi;
  - (d) to promote liaison in the field of medical training both in Malawi and elsewhere and to promote the standards of such training in Malawi;
  - (e) to advise the Minister on any matter falling within the scope of this Act;
  - (f) to communicate to the Minister any information acquired by the Council relating to matters of public health

- (g)** *to consider any matter affecting the medical and dental professions and make representations or take such action in connection therewith as the Council may deem advisable;*
- (h)** *to approve of institutions in Malawi for the training of medical and related health personnel, inspect such institutions and approve the curricula for their training or withdraw or suspend approval of any institution if the education or training thereat is not, in the opinion of the Council, satisfactorily carried out, or if any condition imposed has not been complied with*
- (i)** *to register and licence health delivery institutions*
- (j)** *cause copies of the registers and supplementary lists, and copies thereof, showing all alterations to the registers, to be printed and published.*
- (k)** *make extracts from the registers;*

**Powers of  
the Council**

- 11.** For the better performance of its functions, the Council shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, have power -
- (a)** *subject to the prescribed conditions, to issue or renew a licence to practice medicine or dentistry, inspect the records and accounts and investigate the activities, of a practitioner, require any person licensed to practice to submit to the Council or any of its committees such information as it may deem necessary, and, in the prescribed circumstances, suspend or cancel a licence;*
  - (b)** *to suspend any practitioner from practicing his profession pending the determination of any inquiry into his professional conduct;*
  - (c)** to remove any name from any register or, subject to such conditions as the Council may impose, restore it thereto;
  - (d)** to appoint examiners and moderators, conduct examinations and approve certificates, and charge such fee in respect of such examinations and

certificates as may be prescribed;

- (e) to acquire, hire or dispose of property, and borrow money on the security of the assets of the Council or accept and administer any trust or bonafide donation;
- (f) to consider any matter affecting the medical, dental or paramedical and allied health professionals and make representations thereon to the Minister or take such action in connection therewith as the Council considers necessary;
- (g) upon application by any person, to recognize any qualification held by that person (whether such qualifications have been wholly obtained in Malawi or elsewhere) as being equal, either wholly or in part, to any prescribed qualifications, whereupon such person shall, to the extent to which the qualifications have been so recognized, be deemed to hold such prescribed qualifications;
- (h) to promote inter-professional liaison between registered professions in the interest of the public*
- (i) to delegate to any committee or any person such of its powers as it may from time to time determine, but shall not be divested of any power so delegated*
- (j) to perform such other functions as may be prescribed or assigned to the Council by the Minister; and
- (k) generally, to do such things as the Council deems necessary or expedient to achieve the objectives of this Act.

## PART IV

### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Executive  
*Council* Committee of  
the Council

12. (1) *There shall be an Executive Committee of the which shall consist of:*
- (a) the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Council respectively as chairman and vice-chairman thereof;*

- (b) *Chairmen of committees of the Council; and*
  - (c) *such number of other members of the Council as the Council shall appoint.*
- (2) *The Executive Committee shall have the following functions:*
- (a) *to consider –*
    - (i) *all recommendations to the Council;*
    - (ii) *all reports of other committees to the Council;*
    - (iii) *any matter requiring a decision of the Council, and in appropriate cases make decisions thereon on behalf of the Council, subject to the approval of the Council;*
  - (b) *to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the decisions of the Council; and*
  - (c) *in cases where any committee of the Council is unable to meet or otherwise transact business, to deal with any matter before that committee, and the Executive Committee shall report to the Council any of its actions and decisions taken pursuant to this subsection.*

## PART VI

### OTHER COMMITTEES

Professional  
Practice  
Committee

13. (1) In addition to the Executive Committee, Disciplinary Committee, *Professional Practice Committee* and the Education and Training Committee established under this Act and save as otherwise provided in relation to those committees, the Council may establish any number of other committees to carry out any special or general functions determined by the Council and may delegate to any such committee such of the functions of the Council as the Council may consider expedient.
- (2) The Chairman of the Council may by reason of his office attend any meeting of every committee established under subsection (1).

(3) The Chairman of each committee shall be appointed by the Council from amongst the members of the Council.

*(4) Each committee may appoint as members of such committee persons who are not members of the Council provided that the number of such appointed persons shall not exceed one half of the members appointed by the Council and any of such members so appointed may or may not be officers in the public service.*

*(5) The Chairman of a committee may, upon giving seven days notice convene a meeting of the committee in which he is Chairman*

(6) The Council may, at any time, direct the Chairman of any committee to convene a meeting of such committee and such Chairman shall, as soon as is practicable, comply with such direction.

(7) Every committee shall keep minutes of its meetings and shall inform the Council of its activities and shall conduct its proceedings in such manner as the Council may direct.

(8) Any member of a committee who is not an officer in the public service shall, in respect of expenses incurred by him in traveling and subsistence while discharging his duties as member of that committee, be paid out of the funds of the Council, such allowances as the Council may determine.

## PART VII

### MANAGEMENT

- Appointment of Registrar and other staff
14. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Council –
- (a) shall appoint a Registrar upon terms and conditions approved by the *Council*; and
  - (b) May appoint Assistant Registrars and such other employees as it considers necessary and desirable in the discharge of its duties and upon such terms and conditions as it may determine

*(2) The Registrar shall be the head of the secretariat and shall subject to the direction of the Council be responsible for its administration, management of staff and control of the Council's finances*

(3) The Registrar shall be the secretary to the Council and to every committee thereof and shall, on the instructions of the Chairman of the Council or the Chairman of any committee, convene a meeting of the Council or the committee, as the case may be

(4) If the Registrar is absent or unable to carry any of his functions under this Act or any other enactment, an Assistant Registrar or any other officer of the Council shall exercise, during the period that the Registrar is so absent or unable to act, such of the functions of the Registrar as the Chairman of the Council may designate.

## PART VIII

### FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

Funds,  
account audit

15. (1) The funds of the Council shall consist of:
- (a) such sums as may be appropriated by Parliament for the purposes of the Council;
  - (b) all fees payable under this Act;
  - (c) such other moneys and assets as may vest in or accrue to the Council, whether in the course of its functions or otherwise, including any penalty or costs payable to the Council under this Act; and
  - (d) the levy imposed under section 16.
- (2) The Council shall keep proper accounts and other records relating thereto in respect of its funds and shall in every respect comply with the provisions of the Finance and Audit Act.
- (3) The accounts of the Council shall be examined and audited annually by auditors appointed by the Council

Levy

16. The Minister may **on the recommendation of the Council,**

from time to time, by Order published in the Gazette, impose a levy on gross or net income accruing to any person or class of persons registered under this Act and such levy shall be appropriated for the general operations of the Council or for such operations of the Council as the Minister may specify in the Order.

Remuneration  
and expenses  
of members  
of the Council

17. Members of the Council shall be paid from the funds of the Council such allowances as the Council may determine and in determining the allowance the Council may make provision for the reimbursement of any reasonable expenses incurred by a member of the Council or of a committee of the Council in connection with the business of the Council or the committee.

## PART IX

### REGISTERS

Registers

18. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Council shall continue to keep and maintain the registers which were established before the commencement of this Act relating to medical practitioners and dentists and may establish or continue to keep and maintain –
- (a) a register of interns, being persons referred to in section 32;
  - (b) a register of vocational trainees, being persons referred to in section 33;
  - (c) a register of persons who may be provisionally registered in section 34;
  - (d) a register of persons temporarily employed in Malawi, being persons referred to in section 35;
  - (e) a register of paramedicals and allied health professionals, being persons referred to in section 35;*
  - (f) such registers of persons as the Council may deem necessary.*
- (2) The Council may establish a register of students who

are undergoing training in Malawi or a qualification required for admission as a medical practitioner, dentist, *paramedical or allied health professional*

(3) There shall be entered in a register under this section in relation to a registered person his name, address, qualifications and date of first registration and such other particulars as the Council may from time to time determine.

(4) The Council may alter the title of any register and every person registered in a register bearing the former title shall for all purposes be considered as registered in the register bearing the new title.

(5) Where the Council intends to establish a register or to alter the name of a register, the Council shall cause to be published in the Gazette and in one issue of a newspaper in general circulation in Malawi notice of such intention and the date with effect from which it is intended that the register will be established or the name of the register will be altered.

Specialist  
of  
registers

**19.** (1) The Council may establish and keep a register of medical practitioners or dentists who have acquired special knowledge and experience in particular branches of surgery, medicine or dental surgery.

(2) If the Council establishes a register under subsection (1), it may, by rule or otherwise, determine:

(a) the requirements to be satisfied, including the experience to be acquired, the nature and duration of the training to be undertaken and the degree, diploma or certificate to be held by a medical practitioner or dentist before he can be registered on that register;

(b) the conditions which shall exempt any person from the requirement, experience or training referred to in paragraph (a);

(c) the conditions governing the practice of medical practitioners or dentists who have been registered on a register kept under subsection (1), including conditions restricting the practice of any such medical practitioner or dentist to a particular branch of surgery, medicine or dental surgery, as the case



may be;

(d) the circumstances in which the Council may remove the name of a person from a register kept in terms of subsection (1).

(3) There shall be entered in a register kept under subsection (1) in relation to a registered person such particulars as the Council may from time to time determine.

Paramedicals  
*for*  
and Allied Health  
*such*  
Professionals  
register

20. ***(1) There shall be established separate registers for paramedicals and allied health professionals and registers shall contain particulars and information similar to that required for the registration of medical practitioners and dentists.***

***(2) The Council may from time to time by rule or otherwise determine the requirements, terms and conditions for the registration of such persons or requirements, terms and conditions upon which such persons may practice.***

Duties of  
the Register

28. (1) All registers shall be kept under the custody of the Registrar at the offices of the Council.

(2) It shall be duty of the Registrar, under the direction of the Council to –

(a) *record* in any register the particulars required under this Act of every person whom he enters in that register;

(b) make in a register any necessary alterations in the name, address, qualifications and other particulars of a registered person;

(c) erase from a register the name of a registered person who dies; and

(d) when required to do so by or under this Act or in pursuance of an order of a court –

(i) to mark in a register the registration of an applicant or, as the case may be, the

suspension from practice of a registered person; and

(ii) to erase from a register the name of a registered person;

(e) generally to comply with the requirements imposed on him by this Act.

(3) Where the Registrar erases from a register the name of a registered person he shall enter in that register a record of the reasons therefor.

**Certificates**

**22.**

(1) If, in the performance of the duties imposed upon him, by or under this Act, the Registrar—

(a) registers any person, he shall issue to him a certificate of registration;

(b) erases from a register the name of a registered person or marks in a register the suspension from practice of a registered person, he shall, wherever possible, notify him in writing accordingly.

(2) On application by a registered person, the Registrar may issue to that person a duplicate certificate of registration—

(a) if he is satisfied as to the identify of the applicant; and

(b) on production by the applicant of an affidavit certifying that the certificate of registration has been lost or destroyed; and

(c) on payment by the applicant of the appropriate prescribed fee, if any.

**Publication of registers**

**23.**

(1) The Registrar shall, from time to time, under the authority of the Council, cause copies of the registers or of supplementary lists showing all alterations, additions, revisions and erasures made since the last publication of the complete registers to be published in the Gazette.

(2) Copies of the registers shall be published in such form as the Council may direct and may contain, in lists separate from the main registers, such particulars as the

Council may require to be published.

Registers to be  
last  
evidenced

- 24.** (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), the published copy of a register, as read with any supplementary list, purporting to be published under the authority of the Council under section 23, shall be *prima facie* evidence in any legal proceedings of the facts therein recorded and the omission of the name of any person from such copy shall be *prima facie* evidence, that such person is not registered.
- (2) In the case of a person –
- (a) whose name does not appear in a published copy of a register and whose name has been added to a register after the date of the last published copy thereof, a certificate under the hand of the Registrar of the entry of the name of that person in that register shall be *prima facie* evidence that that person is so registered on that register; or
- (b) whose name has been erased from a register since the date of the last published copy thereof and has not been restored thereto, a certificate under the hand of the Registrar that the name of that person has been erased from the register shall be *prima facie* evidence that that person is not registered on that register; or
- (c) who has been suspended from practice in accordance with this Act, a certificate under the hand of the Registrar that that person has been so suspended from practice for a period specified in that certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence that that person has been suspended from practice for that period.
- (2) Copies of the registers shall be published in such form as the Council may direct and may contain, in lists separate from the main registers, such particulars as the Council may require to be published.

Offences in  
connection with  
registers and  
or  
certificates

25. A person who—
- (a) makes or causes to be made an unauthorized entry alteration or deletion in a register or a certified copy thereof or an extract thereof or on a certificate of registration; or
  - (b) procures or attempts to procure for himself or another person registration or a certificate of registration by means of fraud or false representation or by the concealment of a material fact; or
  - (c) makes or causes to be made in connection with an application for registration a false declaration in a document used for the purpose of establishing his identity; or
  - (d) willfully destroys, defaces or renders illegible or causes to be destroyed, defaced or rendered illegible an entry in a register;
  - (e) without the permission of the holder, willfully destroys, defaces or renders illegible or causes to be destroyed, defaced or rendered illegible a certificate of registration; or
  - (f) forges or utters or, knowing the same to be forged, possesses or holds a document purporting to be a certificate of registration.

shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K10,000 and to imprisonment for two years.

## PART X

### REGISTRATION

33. Every person who, immediately before the commencement of this Act, was registered in any register under the repealed Act and is resident in Malawi, shall be deemed to have been registered under this Act in that register.
34. (1) Subject to subsection (2), an applicant for registration shall not be

registered unless at the time of his application –

- (a) he resides in Malawi; or
- (b) he intends, if he is registered, to take up residence in Malawi within six months of the date of his registration.
- (c) ***has complied with immigration laws***

(2) Any person who resides in and is lawfully practicing his profession or calling in such country as the Council may from time to time specify for the purposes of this subsection by notice in the Gazette may be registered if, but for residing outside Malawi, he is otherwise qualified for registration.

35. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a person shall be eligible for registration under this Act as a medical practitioner or dentist if he is a holder of a degree, diploma or other qualification, which is recognized by the Council as making him eligible for registration and –

- (a) after obtaining such degree, diploma or other qualification, he has engaged as an intern in one or more institutions approved by the Council for such period, being not less one year, as the Council may prescribe; and
- (b) he satisfies the Council that, whilst engaged in training employment as required under paragraph (a), he has acquired sufficient knowledge of, and experience in, the practice of medicine or dentistry, as the case may be; and
- (c) he satisfies the Council that he is a person of good moral character and is a fit and proper person to be registered under this Act.

(2) No qualification from an examining authority outside Malawi shall be recognized or accepted under subsection (1) as a qualification for registration of the holder, unless the qualification entitles the holder for registration in the country, state or territory in which the examining authority has jurisdiction.

(3) In any case where the Council does not recognize a degree, diploma or other qualification in medicine or dentistry held by any person as making him eligible for registration, the Council may take steps to assess his suitability for registration and for the purpose of so doing may require him to attend any interview or to undergo

any oral or written examination.

- (4) The Council may, after assessing the suitability for registration of a person under subsection (3), direct that before registration that person shall undergo such further period of training thereafter referred to as “vocational training”) or pass such further examination as the Council may specify.
  - (5) The Council may, where it considers it expedient so to do, delegate the assessment of suitability for registration under subsection (3) to a committee of the Council which shall, after making such assessment, make such recommendations to the Council as it considers appropriate.
36. Every person registered under this Act who has obtained any higher or further degree or qualification than the degree or qualification in respect of which he has been registered shall be entitled, upon payment of the prescribed fee, to have such higher degree or additional qualification inserted in the register in substitution for or in addition to the qualification previously registered.
37. No certificate or other document required by any law to be signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner or dentist shall be valid unless signed by a person registered as a medical practitioner or dentist under this Act.
38. (1) Any person desiring to be registered under this Act may apply in writing to the Registrar and shall submit with his application –
  - (a) a certificate of any qualification on which he relies for registration or a certified copy thereof.
  - (b) If other practical experience or training is required in the country, state or territory in which he qualified before registration in that country, state or territory –
    - (i) evidence that such experience has been acquired or that such training has been obtained; and
    - (ii) a certificate of registration in that country, state or territory or a certified copy thereof; and
  - (c) ***such evidence of identity, of good character and reputation, of compliance with the conditions, if any, prescribed by the Council to him and of the authenticity and validity of the certificate submitted as the Council may require; and***

- (d) save in the case of a person referred to in section 35 (2), evidence that he resides or intends, if he is registered, to reside in Malawi.
- (2) The Council may require any statement in connection with an application under subsection (1) to be supported by a solemn or statutory declaration.
- (3) If the Registrar is satisfied that the qualification and the particulars or documents submitted under subsection (1) are in accordance with the requirements of this Part, he shall, upon payment by the applicant of the appropriate prescribed fee, register the applicant in the appropriate register.
- (4) If the Registrar is not satisfied that the qualification or the particulars or documents submitted with an application under subsection (1) are in accordance with the requirements of this Part, he shall refer the application to the Council for decision.
- (5) The Council may refuse to register an applicant if in its opinion the applicant, notwithstanding that he is otherwise qualified, is not a fit and proper person to be registered by reason of –
  - (a) his physical, mental health; or
  - (b) the fact that he is not of good character and reputation; or
  - (c) the fact that he does not have adequate knowledge of the English language; and
  - (d) any conduct of his which, if he had been registered, would have constituted improper, disgraceful, ***unworthy or dishonourable*** conduct or conduct which, when regard is had to the profession for which that person has applied to be registered, is improper, disgraceful, ***unworthy or dishonourable***:

Provided that, before refusing registration under paragraph (d), the Council shall refer the matter to the Disciplinary Committee and the provisions of Part XI shall, mutates mutandis, apply as if the applicant were registered on the register on which he has applied to be registered.

39. (1) Any person having the qualifications referred to in section 35 (1) who is employed in Malawi in the practice of medicine, surgery or dentistry as an intern in a hospital or an institution approved by the Council shall, subject to the provisions of this Part, be entitled, on

payment by him of the prescribed fee, to be registered in the register of interns.

- (2) A person registered in the register of interns shall be deemed to be registered on the register of medical practitioners in so far as is necessary –
  - (a) to enable him to be employed in the practice of medicine, surgery or dentistry at a hospital or institution approved by the Council;
  - (b) for the purpose of any other enactment or such other purposes as the Council may specify.
40. Any person who is required under section 35 (4) after the acquisition of any qualification to undergo a period of training before he is entitled to be registered and who is employed otherwise than as an intern shall, subject to the provisions of this Part and if he satisfies the Registrar that he is employed at an institution or by an employer approved by the Council, be entitled, upon payment of the prescribed fee, to be registered in the register of vocational trainees appropriate to the profession or calling for which he intends to be registered.
41. (1) The Council may accept any qualification which has not been recognized under section 35 as entitling the holder to be registered if, in all other aspects, he satisfies the conditions and requirements of this Part for registration on a register kept under this Act:

Provided that the acceptance of a particular qualification for provisional registration of one person shall not confer any right to any form of registration on any other person holding the same qualification.

- (2) The Council may require an applicant for provisional registration as a condition of such registration –
  - (a) to undertake a specified period of practice on the staff of a hospital or other institution specified by the Council or with an employer approved by the Council; and
  - (b) to pass, during the period of his provisional registration, such examination as the Council may specify.
- (3) An application for provisional registration under subsection (1) shall be made in writing to the Registrar and shall be accompanied with the prescribed fee.



42. Any person qualified to practice the profession or calling of a medical practitioner, dentist, who intends to practice that profession or calling in Malawi but does not intend to reside for a period exceeding twelve months in Malawi may; if he satisfies the Registrar that he is so qualified, be registered on a register of persons temporarily employed.

Provided that in circumstances considered by the Registrar to be exceptional, the Registrar may extend the period of registration for two months.

43. (1) The Council may direct the Registrar to erase from any register established or maintained under this Act –

(a) the name and all particulars of a person whose registration has been cancelled in accordance with this Act who –

(i) not being a citizen of Malawi; has been absent from Malawi for a continuous period of three years preceding such erasure; or

(ii) fails to pay the prescribed fee payable under this Act within three months after the date on which that fee became payable; or

(iii) has failed within a period of six months after the date of an inquiry sent by the Registrar by registered letter to the address as shown in the register to notify the Registrar of his present address;

Provided that if such registered letter is returned to the Registrar by reason of it being unclaimed or for any other reason the Council may forthwith direct the same of the person be erased from the register; or

(iv) has requested that his name be removed from the register and, if so required by the Council, has lodged an affidavit stating that proceedings are being or are likely to be taken against him in connection with the practice of his profession or calling; or

(v) is resident or practicing in Malawi and whose name has been removed from the roll, register or record of any university, hospital, college, training school or institution, society or other body from which that person received the qualification on the basis of which he was registered; or

- (b) any entry which is proved to the satisfaction of the Council to have been made in error or through fraudulent representation or concealment of material facts or in circumstances not authorized by this Act.
- (2) The name and all particulars of a person shall be erased from –
  - (a) the register of interns, register of vocational trainees, provisional register or temporary register –
    - (i) when the person is registered on the register of medical practitioners or the register of dentists; or
    - (ii) on the expiration of the period of registration on such register;
  - (b) in case of the provisional register, the cancellation of the registration of that person.
- (3) If a person referred to in section 34 (1) fails to take up residence in Malawi within the period referred to in that paragraph, his name and particulars shall be erased from the register on the expiration of that period.
- (4) The Registrar shall erase from the register of interns or register of vocational trainees, as the case may be, the name of a person who is registered on that register –
  - (a) who advises the Registrar that he is leaving Malawi whether after completion of his service as intern or trainee or otherwise; or
  - (b) on the expiration of eighteen months from the date of his registration unless he satisfies the Registrar that due to illness or other cause the period of his training has been extended; or
  - (c) on the termination of the period of training which has been extended in the circumstances referred to in paragraph (b); or
  - (d) if the Council instructs the Registrar to erase the name of that person from the register
- (5) Before the Council directs an erasure to be made under subsection

(1) (a) (v) or subsection (4) (d), the Council shall afford the person concerned an opportunity of showing cause before the Council as to why the erasure should not be made.

44. In order to effect the erasure of the name and particulars of a person from a register, a line of red ink shall be drawn through such name and particulars but so as to leave them legible.
45. Any certificate of registration issued to a person whose name has been erased shall be deemed to have been cancelled on the date of erasure and the person concerned shall be deemed not to be registered with effect from that date.
46. (1) *Subject to subsection (2) below, where the name of a person has been erased from the register under section 35 above, the Council may, if it thinks fit, direct his name to be restored to the register.*
- (2) *Where the name of a person has been erased from the register because of improper or disgraceful or dishonourable or unworthy conduct, no application for the restoration of a name to the register under this section shall be made to the Council-*
- (a) *before the expiration of five years from the date of erasure;*  
*or*
- (b) *in any period of five years in which the application for the restoration of his name has already been made by or on behalf of the person whose name has been erased.*
- (3) *In the case of a person who was provisionally registered under section 41 above before his name was erased a direction under subsection (1) above be a direction that his name be restored by way of provisional registration under section 41 above.*
- (4) *The requirements as to the experience required for full registration as a medical practitioner shall not apply to registration in pursuance of a direction under subsection (1) above.*
47. (1) A person aggrieved by-
- (a) the refusal of the Council to register him or any qualification or particular which he wishes to be registered in under this Act; or
- (b) the erasure from a register of his name or of any qualification or particular which he considers he is entitled under this Act to have been entered against his name in a register,

***(c) the refusal of the Council to restore him to the register,***

may after notice to the Council and within three months after the date on which notice is given to him by the Registrar of ***the Council's refusal to register or restore him to the register or*** erasure, appeal to the High Court in such manner as may be prescribed or as may be considered appropriate by the High Court against such *refusal* or erasure.

- (2) On an appeal under subsection (1), the High Court may:
- (a) dismiss the appeal; or
  - (b) if it is of opinion that the Council has not acted in accordance with the provisions of this Act, make an order that the name of the appellant or the qualification or particular, as the case may be, be entered in the appropriate register; ***or that the name of the appellant be restored to the register or,***
  - (c) refer the matter back to the Council for further consideration, and may make such other order as to costs or otherwise as it may deem just.

## PART XI

### PRIVATE PRACTICE

48. (1) ***The Council may authorize the Registrar to issue to a medical practitioner or dentist who has applied in the prescribed manner and whom the Council considers has had suitable experience in medicine, surgery or dentistry, as the case may be, a practitioner or to be employed, either the whole time or part time, by a private practitioner.***
- (2) A license under subsection (1) shall-
- (a) be subject to such conditions as the Council may either generally or specially determine;
  - (b) be issued or *renewed* upon payment of the prescribed fee;
  - (c) be in such form as may be prescribed; and
  - (d) ***state whether the person so licenced may practice on his own behalf or may be employed by a private practitioner or***

*institution.*

- (3) The Council may, for good cause refuse to issue or *renew* a licence to practice to any person or may withdraw or cancel such licence issued to any person either indefinitely or until such time as the conditions, if any, imposed by the Council have been fulfilled.
- (4) No premises shall be habitually used for the purpose of private practice, unless they are authorized for such use by the Council, and any person *or persons* - duly authorized by the Council in that behalf may at any reasonable time enter upon and inspect such premises.
- (5) Any person aggrieved by any decision of the Council under this section may appeal to the High Court, and in such appeal the High Court may annul or vary the decision as it thinks fit.
49. The issue, renewal, cancellation and withdrawal of any licence under section 48 of this Act shall be notified in the Gazette.
- 50.- (1) No person in practice shall be entitled to recover any charge for any medical treatment, operation, advice or other medical service which he has rendered, or for any medicine which he has prescribed or supplied unless he is at the time appropriately licensed under section 48.
- (2) A person who engages in practice without licence authorizing him to do so and issued in accordance with this Act or regulations made thereunder shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ***K5,000*** and to imprisonment for one year.
- 51.- (1) ***Every medical practitioner, dentist, paramedical and allied health professional whose name has been registered under Part X of this Act shall, on such conditions as the council may determine in general or in a particular case, be entitled to import, procure, stock or to personally compound or dispense medicines prescribed by himself or by any other medical practitioner, dentist or locum tenes, for use by such medical practitioner or dentist for the treatment of his patients: Provided that he shall not be entitled to keep an open shop or pharmacy.***
- (2) ***This section shall apply notwithstanding the provisions of Section 35 of the Pharmacy Medicines and Poisons Act or any provision to the contrary contained in any law.***

PART XII

## PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE COMMITTEE

51. (1) *There shall be a Professional Practice Committee which shall consist of:*
- (a) *one member of the Council appointed by the Council and designated by the Council as Chairman of the Committee; and*
  - (b) *any number of other persons appointed by the Council who may or may not be members of the Council provided that the persons who are not members of the Council shall not exceed one half of the Committee.*
- (2) *Subject to the general direction of the Council, the functions of the Professional Practice Committee shall be –*
- (a) *to advise the Council on all matters relating to the professional practice of medicine and dentistry in Malawi.*
  - (b) *to develop minimum practice standards for medical practitioners dentists interns vocational employees and paramedicals and allied health professionals.*
  - (c) *to monitor such practice standards.*
- (3) *For the purpose of carrying out its functions the Professional Practice Committee may, subject to the general direction and guidance of the Council:*
- (a) *on behalf of the Council appoint inspectors to visit hospitals, or other institutions or premises where persons registered under this Act conduct their practice and evaluate the standard of practice and medical personnel thereat*
  - (b) *perform all such inspectorate functions for the purpose of setting and maintaining the standards of health care in relation to –*
    - (i) *premises, equipment and supplies;*
    - (ii) *qualifications and credentials of personnel employed by such establishments;*
    - (iii) *human and material resources at any of the institutions referred to in paragraph (a);*

- (iv) *such other matters as the Committee may deem expedient, and to report its findings to the Council.*
- (4) *A person who willfully obstructs any person duly authorized to perform inspectorate functions pursuant to subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K5,000 and imprisonment for one year.*

## PART XII

### EDUCATION AND TRAINING

53. (1) There shall be an Education and Training Committee which shall consist of:
- (a) one member of the Council appointed by the Council and designated by the Council as chairman of the committee;
  - (b) any number of other persons appointed by the Council who may or may not be members of the Council *provided that the persons who are not members of the Council shall not exceed one half of the Committee.*
- (2) Subject to the general direction of the Council, the functions of the Education and Training Committee shall be –
- (a) to advise the Council on all matters relating to the education and training requirements of medical and related personnel in Malawi; and
  - (b) to satisfy itself and the Council that the curricula in every teaching institution in Malawi in the medical field are such that graduates will have a sufficient basic knowledge for the practice of their profession or calling; and
  - (c) to satisfy itself and the Council in such other matters as may be vested in it by the Council in relation to the supervision of other aspects of medical education and training.
  - (d) *to arrange, supervise and determine terms for continuing medical education.*
- (3) For the purpose of carrying out its functions, the Education and Training Committee may, subject to the general direction and

guidance of the Council –

- (a) On behalf of the Council, appoint inspectors to visit hospitals, or other institutions or premises where instruction is given to or examinations are conducted for students who intend to apply for registration under this Act and to evaluate such instructions or examinations; and
- (b) to submit reports to the Council on the courses and curriculum followed at, and examinations conducted by any institution referred to in paragraph (a).
- (c) ***perform all such inspectorate functions for the purpose of setting and maintaining the standards of health care in relation to –***
  - (i) ***qualifications and credentials of personnel employed by such establishments;***
  - (ii) ***courses and curricula followed or any of the institutions referred to in paragraph (a) including the student-teacher ration;***
  - (iii) ***human and material resources at any of the institutions referred to in paragraph (a);***
  - (iv) ***such other matters as the Council may deem expedient, and to report its findings to the Council.***

***(4) A person who willfully obstructs any person duly authorized to perform inspectorate functions pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K5,000 and imprisonment for one year.***

54. The Council may, and if so required by the Minister shall, consider and report to the Minister and advise him upon any matter relating to professional or technical training or other qualifications required for admission to a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept and the conditions of practice after registration.

55. The Council shall have powers to approve of –

- (a) teaching hospitals;
- (b) medical and dental schools;
- (c) a basic medical education curriculum;



- (d) post-graduate medical education;
  - (e) the basic medical qualification of persons to be registered as medical practitioners or dentists;
  - (f) registration of medical practitioners and dentists as consultants after approving their post-graduate qualifications.
  - (g) and such other matter of training as may be within its competence under this Act or as may be expedient for the purposes and objects of this Act.
56. (1) The Council may institute and issue *degrees*, diplomas and certificates of competence for any class of medical personnel trained or employed at an approved institution in Malawi other than medical practitioners, dentists and personnel of a class for which there is established a separate examining or qualifying authority.
- Provided that *degrees*, diplomas or certificates of competence of the College of Medicine of the University of Malawi shall be instituted with the approval of the Council.
- (2) The Registrar shall keep lists of all persons to whom a *degree*, diploma or certificate instituted under this section has been issued.
57. The Council may, by notice in the Gazette, make rules as to –
- (a) the form of *degrees*, diplomas and certificates of competence instituted by the Council;
  - (b) the issue of duplicates and certified copies of *degrees*, diplomas and certificates of competence issued by the Council and the fees payable to the Council therefore;
  - (c) the requirements to be fulfilled by persons as a condition of the issue of a *degree*, diploma or certificate of competence to them, including the training and courses of instruction to be undergone and the examinations to be passed, and exemptions from the fulfillment of such requirements.
  - (d) the institutions and other places at which the training and courses of instruction at which the training and courses of instruction referred to in paragraph (c) shall be undergone, the standards of education and character required to qualify persons to undergo

such training and courses of instruction;

- (e) holding of examinations referred to in paragraph (c) including –
  - (i) the appointment and remuneration of examiners and invigilators;
  - (ii) the entry and disqualification of candidates for examination;
  - (iii) the fees payable to the Council by candidates for examination; and
  - (iv) the publication of the results of examination

**58. The Council may from time to time make rules which prescribe –**

- (a) Conditions relating to continuing education and training to be undergone by persons registered in terms of this Act in order to retain such registration;**
- (a) The nature and extent of continuing education and training to be undergone by persons registered in terms of this Act;**
- (d) The criteria for recognition by the Council of continuing education and training courses and of educational institutions offering such education.**

## PART XIV

### DISCIPLINARY PROVISIONS

- 59. (1) There shall be a Disciplinary Committee of the Council which shall consist of –
  - (a) the Chairman of the Council who shall be the Chairman of that committee; and
  - (b) not less than two and not more than four other persons specially appointed by the Chairman of the Council for the particular inquiry, who shall –
    - (i) in the case of an inquiry into the conduct of a medical practitioner; be members of the Council who are medical practitioners;

- a. in the case of an inquiry into the conduct of a dentist, be members of the Council who are dentists;
  - b. in the case of an inquiry concerning an allegation implicating one or more medical practitioners jointly with one or more dentists, be members of the Council representing both callings;
  - c. ***in the case of paramedicals or allied health personnel be members of the Council one of whom should be paramedicals or allied health personnel.***
- (c) Two other members who may or may not be members of the Council.
- (2) In any disciplinary inquiry, the Council may request the Attorney General to nominate a legally qualified person serving in the public service to assist the Disciplinary Committee in the proceedings of the inquiry.
- (3) At any meeting of the Disciplinary Committee, the Chairman and two other members shall form a quorum.
- (4) For the purposes of any inquiry, the Chairman of the Council may appoint to the Disciplinary Committee any other person he considers reasonably qualified to assist the committee in the conduct of the inquiry.
- (5) All acts, matters or things authorized or required to be done by the Disciplinary Committee, shall be decided by a majority vote at a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee at which a quorum is present.
- (6) At all meetings of the Disciplinary Committee, each member present, being a member by virtue of subsection (1), shall have one vote on a question before the Disciplinary Committee and, in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have, in addition to a deliberative vote, a casting vote.
- (7) The Disciplinary Committee shall have power to regulate its own procedure.
- 60.- (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), the function of the Disciplinary Committee shall be to inquire into an allegation referred to it under section 63 (1) alleging that a registered person-
  - (a) has been guilty of improper or disgraceful or ***dishonourable or unworthy*** conduct or conduct which, when regard is had to the profession or calling of that person is improper or disgraceful or ***dishourable or unworthy***, or
  - (b) is grossly incompetent or has performed any act pertaining to his

profession or calling in a grossly incompetent or *negligent* manner.

- (2) Before exercising its function with respect to any person, the Disciplinary Committee shall –
    - (a) cause to be served upon him a notice setting out the allegations against him; and
    - (b) afford him a reasonable opportunity of being heard either by himself or, if he so wishes, by a legal representative.
61. (1) For the purposes of any inquiry, the Disciplinary Committee may take evidence and may –
- (a) under the hand of the Chairman of the Council or the Registrar summon witnesses and require the production of any book, record, document or thing; and
  - (b) administer an oath or affirmation to any person; and
  - (c) examine any book, record, document or thing which a witness has been required to produce.
- (2) A summons for attendance before the Disciplinary Committee or for the production of any book, record, document or thing; shall be –
- (a) in the form prescribed; and
  - (b) signed by the Chairman or the Registrar.
- (3) Any person who –
- (a) has been summoned under subsection (2) and who –
    - (i) refuses or fails without sufficient cause to attend and give evidence relevant to the inquiry at the time and place specified in summons; or
    - (ii) refuses to be sworn or to affirm; or
    - (iii) refuses or fails without sufficient cause to produce any book, record, document or thing which he has been required by that summons to produce; or
  - (b) attends as a witness before the Disciplinary Committee and refuses to answer or to answer fully and satisfactorily to the

best of his knowledge and belief any question properly put to him;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ***K5,000*** and to imprisonment for one year.

- (4) Any person who gives false evidence on oath at an inquiry held under this Part, knowing such evidence to be false or not believing it to be true, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ***K5,000*** and to imprisonment for ***one*** year.
- (5) The Disciplinary Committee shall, in any inquiry held by it under this Part, record the proceedings and any evidence heard by it and the decision made by it and the reasons therefor.

62.- (1) A registered person who has been convicted of an offence by a Court of Law within or outside Malawi, whether before, on or after the date of his registration, shall be liable to disciplinary inquiry by the Disciplinary Committee in accordance with the provisions of this Part if the Disciplinary Committee is of opinion that such offence constitutes-

- (a) improper or disgraceful or ***dishonourable or unworthy*** conduct; or
- (b) conduct which, when regard is had to the profession or calling of that person, is improper or ***disgraceful or dishonourable or unworthy***.

(2) The Disciplinary Committee may, if it thinks fit on proof before it of a conviction referred to in subsection (1) and without hearing further evidence, deal with the convicted person in accordance with the provisions of this Part:

Provided that the convicted person shall be afforded an opportunity of tendering, in writing or in person or by his legal representative as he may elect, an explanation to the Disciplinary Committee in extenuation of his conduct.

- (3) If after the termination of proceedings before a court in Malawi-
  - (a) it appears to the court that there is prima facie evidence of improper or disgraceful conduct on the part of a registered person, the court shall direct that a copy of the record of the proceedings or a copy of such part of the record of the proceedings as is material to the issue shall be transmitted to the Council; or
  - (b) the Council requests that a record of the proceedings before a court in Malawi or part of such record be supplied to it on the ground that it is of direct interest to the Council in the exercise of its functions under this Act, the Court shall transmit to the Council a copy of the record of the

proceedings or a copy of such part of the record of the proceedings as is material.

**63. (1) *Whenever there is brought to the notice of the Council as allegation***

***which might be the subject of inquiry by the Disciplinary Committee the Council may direct the Registrar to carry out a preliminary investigation and to compile and submit his report to the Disciplinary Committee***

**(2) *The Registrar may with the approval of the Chairman appoint an officer or officers of the Council or other persons as investigating officers for purposes of this section***

**(3) *Any Investigation Officer who carries out an investigation under this section shall compile a report of the investigation and submit such report to the Registrar who shall forward it to the Disciplinary Committee.***

**(4) *The Registrar shall issue to every person appointed under this section a certificate to the effect that he has been so appointed for such investigation and in the exercise of his powers and the carrying out of his duties that person shall on demand produce such certificate.***

**(5) *The Registrar in carrying out his duties under this section may, with the approval of the Chairman, seek such legal advice or other assistance as he may require.***

**64. (1) After due inquiry, the Disciplinary Committee shall report its findings to the Council with such recommendations as the Disciplinary Committee considers appropriate.**

**(2) After considering the findings and recommendations of the Disciplinary Committee the Council –**

**(a) if it is satisfied that the registered person –**

**(i) has been guilty of improper, disgraceful, *dishonourable or unworthy* conduct which, when regard is had to the profession or calling of that person, is improper, disgraceful, *dishonourable* \_ or *unworthy* \_ and that such conduct warrants the cancellation of his registration; or**

**(ii) is grossly incompetent or has performed any act**

pertaining to his profession or calling in a grossly incompetent manner,

the Council shall direct the Registrar to cancel the registration person and, if it thinks fit, order that person to pay to the Council any costs or expenses incidental to the inquiry;

- (b) if it considers that the registered person has been guilty of improper or disgraceful or *dishonourable or unworthy* conduct or conduct which, when regard is had to his profession or calling, is improper or disgraceful or *dishonourable or unworthy* but that such conduct does not warrant the cancellation of the registration of that person, shall do one or more of the following –
    - (i) order his suspension for specified period from practicing or performing acts specially pertaining to his profession or calling;
    - (ii) impose such conditions as it deems fit subject to which he shall carry on his profession or calling;
    - (iii) order him to pay to the Council a penalty not exceeding K2,000;
    - (iv) order him to pay any costs or expenses of and incidental to the inquiry;
    - (v) censure him; and
    - (vi) caution him and postpone, for a specified period not exceeding three years any further action against him on such conditions as the Council may determine as to his future conduct, including conduct or nature of his practice during that period.
  - (c) if it considers that the allegations against the registered person have not been established, shall dismiss the allegations were frivolous or vexatious, order the complainant to pay the costs of the inquiry
- (3) If at any time the Council is satisfied that during the period of any postponement under subsection (2) (b) (vi), a registered person has not complied with the conditions imposed under that paragraph, the Council after giving reasonable notice to the registered person

concerned, may proceed to inflict further upon him more of the measures specified in that subsection.

65. (1) *A patient, guardian, parent, next of kin, professional colleague or any other person who has a substantial interest in the practice and conduct of a person registered under this Act may lodge a complaint with the Disciplinary Committee.*

(2) *The complaint shall be in writing and shall state in clear terms the specific acts or omissions complained of.*

66. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by the findings of the Disciplinary Committee or the decision reached, or penalty or measure imposed, by the Council under this Part may, within three months after the date of such findings or the imposition of such penalty or measure, appeal to the High Court.

(2) On an appeal under subsection (1) the High Court may –

(a) confirm, vary or set aside any finding, decision or penalty appealed against; or

(b) refer the matter back to the Council, for further consideration;

and in either case may make such order as to the costs of the appeal or otherwise as it may deem just:

Provided that the High Court shall not set aside any finding or penalty by reason only of an informality or irregularity in the proceedings of the Council of the Disciplinary Committee which did not embarrass or prejudice the appellant in answering the charge or in the conduct of his defence.

(3) For the purposes of any appeal under this section the High Court may, if it considers it expedient so to do, sit with one or more persons as assessors, being persons whom it considers specially qualified to assist in hearing the appeal, and may hear the appeal wholly or partly with such persons, but the decision in such appeal shall be that of the presiding judge or judges.

67. (1) The Registrar shall by notice in the Gazette publish the name of any person –

(a) whose registration has been canceled; or



- (b) who has been suspended from practice and shall, in such notice, specify the period of suspension
68. (1) Save as is provided in this Act, no legal proceedings whether civil or criminal shall lie against the Council or the Disciplinary Committee or any member or officer thereof in respect of any act or duty done or performed in accordance with the provision of this Part.
- (a) define what, in the case of any class of registered persons, shall constitute improper, disgraceful, *dishonourable or unworthy* conduct; and
  - (b) provide for the manner in which complaints or charges against a registered person may be lodged; and
  - (c) provide for any other matter incidental to the investigation of an inquiry into a complaint or charge against a registered person.
- (2) If any registered person has counseled or knowingly been a party to the performance of any act in respect of which an unregistered person has been convicted of an offence under Part XV the conduct of such registered person shall, for the purposes of this Part, constitute improper or disgraceful *dishonourable or unworthy* conduct:
- Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as exempting such registered person from being prosecuted in a court for any offence which such conduct may constitute.
- (3) Regulations referred to in subsection (1) shall not limit the general power conferred on the Disciplinary Committee or on the Council to inquire into allegations of improper or disgraceful or *dishonourable or unworthy* conduct not covered by such regulations and to impose any penalty under this Part on any person guilty of such conduct.

## PART XV

### OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

70. No remuneration shall be recoverable in respect of any act pertaining to a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept under this Act

when performed by a person who is not registered on the appropriate register.

71. No certificate required by law from any member of a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept under this Act shall be valid unless the person signing such certificate is registered on the appropriate register.
72. No licence required under any law to be obtained by a registered person shall be issued to such person unless the person applying for such licence produces proof that he is registered on the appropriate register.
73. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) and any exemption granted under this Act any person, who not being registered as a medical practitioner, dentist, *paramedical or allied health professional-*
- (a) for *reward*, practices or carries on business as a medical practitioner or dentist, whether or not purporting to be registered or performs or undertakes to perform any act specially pertaining to the practice of a medical practitioner or dentist; or
  - (b) pretends or, by any means whatsoever, holds himself out to be a medical practitioner or dentist, whether or not purporting to be registered or; or
  - (c) uses the title "medical practitioner" "dentist" or any name, title, description or symbol indicating or calculated to lead any person to infer that he possesses a degree, diploma or other qualification as a medical practitioner, doctor of medicine, physician or surgeon or dentist or that he is registered as a medical practitioner or dentist under the Act,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ***K5,000 or to imprisonment for one year.***

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not apply in relation to a body corporate which is exempted under subsection (3).

(3) The Council may, by notice in the Gazette, exempt any person from the provisions of subsection 1(a).

- 74.- (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) and any exemption granted under this Act, any person who, not being registered as a dentist-
- (a) for *reward*, practices or carries on business as a dentist, whether or not purporting to be registered, or performs or undertakes to perform any

- act specially pertaining to the practice of dentistry; or
- (b) pretends or, by any means whatsoever, holds himself out to be a dental surgeon, whether or not purporting to be registered, or to be entitled to practice dentistry or to perform any act specially pertaining to the practice of dental surgery; or
  - (c) uses the title “dental surgeon” or “dentist” or any name; title, description or symbol indicating or calculated to lead any person to infer that he possesses a degree, diploma or other qualification as a dental surgeon or dentist or that he is registered under this Act; or
  - (d) by any means whatsoever gives advice in dentistry or in any act specially pertaining to the practice of dentistry,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K5,000 or to imprisonment for one year.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), the following acts are specified as specially pertaining to the practice of dental surgery-

- (a) the performance of any operation and the treatment of any disease, deficiencies or lesions on or of the human teeth or jaws, the correction of the malpositions thereof and the performance of radiographic work in connection with the human teeth or jaws;
- (b) the giving of any anesthetic in connection with any operation on the human teeth or jaw
- (c) the making, repairing, re-alteration or supply of artificial dentures, restorative dental appliances or similar dental appliances;
- (d) the taking in the mouth of any impression or bite with a view to the making, repairing, altering or supplying any artificial dentures, restorative dental appliances or other similar dental appliances;
- (e) the trying or fitting in the mouth of any artificial dentures; restorative dental appliances or other similar dental appliances;
- (f) the performance of any such operation, treatment, attendance or the giving of such advice as is usually performed or given by a dentist or any operation, treatment, advice or attendance preparatory to or for the purpose of or in connection with the making, repairing, altering, supplying, fitting, inserting or fixing of artificial dentures, restorative dental appliances or other similar dental appliances;
- (g) cleaning and polishing teeth; and

- (h) scaling teeth, that is to say, the removal of tartar deposits, accretions and stains from those parts of the surfaces of the teeth, which are exposed or which are directly beneath the free margins of the gums, including the application of medicaments appropriate thereto.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be constructed as preventing-
- (a) the-
    - (i) performance of any operation or treatment of any disease, deficiency or lesion of the jaws and soft tissue of the mouth; or
    - (ii) giving of any anesthetic in connection with a dental operation; or
    - (iii) performance of any radiographic work, by a medical practitioner in the ordinary course of his practice
  - (b) the extraction of tooth-
    - (i) by a medical practitioner, where the services of a dentist are not readily available; or
    - (ii) by any person, where the case is urgent and no registered medical practitioner or dentist is available and the operation is performed without the application of a local or general anesthetic;
  - (c) the performance in any public service of dental work by any person in accordance with conditions of his employment;
  - (d) the carrying on, in accordance with conditions approved by the ***Council***, of the practice of dental surgery at any hospital or other institution approved for the purposes of this paragraph by the ***Council***;
  - (e) the performance, in relation to the practice of dental surgery, of any radiographic work at a hospital or nursing home or at the request or under the direction of a registered medical practitioner or dentist; and
  - (f) the making, repairing or altering of artificial dentures, restorative dental appliances or other similar dental appliances by any person who is registered as a dental technician:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as permitting a registered dental technician to perform an operation in the mouth of any person including the taking of an impression or a bite.

- (4) The provisions of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) shall not apply in relation to a body corporate which is exempted under section (5).
- (5) The Council, may, by notice in the Gazette, exempt any person from the provisions of subsection (1) (a).

75.- (1) *Where there is prima facie evidence, that is Act or any regulations made thereunder have been contravened, the Council may, subject to subsection (2) order-*

(a) *the closure of any premises; and*

(b) *the seizure of any equipment, instrument or any other thing by means of or in relation to which the Council reasonably believes the contravention was committed.*

(2) *The closure of any premises shall cease, and any equipment, instrument or any other thing seized shall not be detained, after the provisions of this Act or any regulations made thereunder have, in the opinion of the Council, been complied with, unless before that time disciplinary or court proceedings, as the case may be, have been instituted in respect of the contravention, in which event the premises shall remain closed and the equipment, instrument or other thing may be detained until the proceedings are finally concluded.*

(3) *Where a person has been found guilty of an offence or disciplinary misconduct under this Act or any regulations made thereunder, any equipment, instrument or other thing by means of or in relation to which the offence or misconduct was committed may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court or the Council, be forfeited to such person, and may be disposed of in such manner and at such time and place, as the court or the Council, as the case may be, may direct; but no equipment, instrument or other thing shall be disposed of pending an appeal against the decision of the court or the Council or before the time within which the appeal may be taken has expired.*

76.- (1) A registered person who changes his address shall notify the fact to the Registrar and the District Health Officer within one month after such change

(2) If the Registrar of birth and deaths receives notice of a death which shows that the deceased belonged to a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept, he shall forthwith notify the Registrar of such death.

## PART XVI

### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

77.



*a city or municipal council, a town council or a district council, or*

- a. any other body or organization which the Minister may by notice in the Gazette, declare to be a local authority for the purposes of that paragraph.
- (1) The *Council*, may, by notice in the Gazette, exempt any person from the provisions of subsection (1) (a).

**75.- (1) *Where there is prima facie evidence, that is Act or any regulations made thereunder have been contravened, the Council may, subject to subsection (2) order-***

***(a) the closure of any premises; and***

***(b) the seizure of any equipment, instrument or any other thing by means of or in relation to which the Council reasonably believes the contravention was committed.***

***(2) The closure of any premises shall cease, and any equipment, instrument or any other thing seized shall not be detained, after the provisions of this Act or any regulations made thereunder have, in the opinion of the Council, been complied with, unless before that time disciplinary or court proceedings, as the case may be, have been instituted in respect of the contravention, in which event the premises shall remain closed and the equipment, instrument or other thing may be detained until the proceedings are finally concluded.***

***(3) Where a person has been found guilty of an offence or disciplinary misconduct under this Act or any regulations made thereunder, any equipment, instrument or other thing by means of or in relation to which the offence or misconduct was committed may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court or the Council, be forfeited to such person, and may be disposed of in such manner and at such time and place, as the court or the Council, as the case may be, may direct; but no equipment, instrument or other thing shall be disposed of pending an appeal against the decision of the court or the Council or before the time within which the appeal may be taken has expired.***

**76.- (1) A registered person who changes his address shall notify that fact to the Registrar and the District Health Officer within one month after such change.**

**(2) If the Registrar of births and deaths receives notice of a death which shows that the deceased belonged to a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept, he shall forthwith notify the Registrar of such death.**

## PART XVI

### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

77. (1) Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the practice systems of therapeutics according *according* to African, *Indian or other Asiatic* systems of therapeutics by persons resident in Malawi.

Provided that nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize –

- a) any person to practice any African or other system of therapeutics or the performance of an act on the part of any person practicing any such system which is dangerous to life;*
- b) any person to advertise his practice through the media or otherwise whether himself or by his servants or agents other than by placing his name or that of his practice on his premises or*
- c) any person to claim or have cures for all kinds of diseases.*

- (2) Any person who contravenes this section shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of K5,000 and to imprisonment for one year.*

78. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, if, with the consent of the Chairman of the Council –
- a) a registered medical practitioner or dentist calls in as consultant, a medical practitioner or dentist who is neither resident nor registered in Malawi, such consultant shall not be held to require registration in Malawi, in respect of his attendance upon the patient with respect to who he has been called in consultation;
  - b) a person registered in any country as a medical practitioner or dentist but who is neither resident nor registered in Malawi and who is called into Malawi on the bona fide request of a patient shall not be held to require registration in Malawi in respect of his attendance on such patient;
  - c) a person practicing a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept who is neither resident nor registered in Malawi and who is appointed by the Council or other body approved by the Council to conduct an examination in



Malawi shall not be held to require registration in Malawi in respect of his duties in connection with the conduct of such examination;

- (d) a person practicing a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept under this Act who is –
  - (i) a member of a naval, military, air or police force of a country other than Malawi and temporarily stationed on duty in Malawi; or
  - (ii) a delegate of the International Committee of the Red Cross and has entered Malawi with the consent, or at the invitation, of the Government

shall not be held to require registration in Malawi in respect of his duties as a member of that force or as such delegate, as the case may be;

- (e) the Council may exempt from the provisions of this Act regarding registration any person not permanently resident in Malawi who is engaged solely in teaching or research work affecting any or other professions or calling in respect of which a register is kept under this Act for a period not exceeding four months.

- (2) Any prescription or order signed by a person exempted from registration in accordance with subsection (1) and given by him in the course of his practice under that subsection, but not otherwise, shall, for the purposes of any law relating to drugs, have the same force and effect as a prescription or order signed by a registered person.

- 79. (1) Whenever there is brought to the notice of the Council an allegation that a registered person has –
  - (a) become mentally or physically disabled to such an extent that it would be contrary to the public interest to allow him to continue to practice; or
  - (b) become unfit to purchase, acquire, keep, use, prescribe, order, supply or possess any drug; or
  - (c) been using a drug in contravention of any law relating to the use of drugs; or

- (d) become addicted to or dependent upon the use of drugs, the Council shall have power to call for such information and to cause such investigation to be made as it thinks necessary and to seek such legal advice or other assistance as it may require.
- 2) In consequence of an investigation under subsection (1), the Council may:
- a) direct that such person shall cease to practice and that his registration be cancelled; or
  - b) suspend such person from practice for such period, and subject to such conditions, as the Council may determine; or
  - c) impose such conditions respecting the practice of such person as it may deem necessary and in the event of failure by such person to comply with such conditions, the Council may direct that such person shall cease to practice and that his registration shall be cancelled.
80. In any criminal proceedings against any person upon a charge of having performed any act which constitutes an offence under this Act, if performed by a person alleged to be not registered, the person charged shall be deemed to be not registered unless he proves the contrary.
81. Any person who impersonates a registered person shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of **K5,000** and to imprisonment for one year.
82. A registered person who takes, uses or publishes in any way whatsoever a name, title, description or symbol indicating or calculated to lead any person to infer that he possesses a qualification which relates to a profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept and which is not shown in the register in connection with his name shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of **K5,000** and to imprisonment for one year.
- 83.- (1) Every person registered under this Act shall, unless the circumstances render it impossible for him to do so, before rendering any professional services, inform the person to whom the services are to be rendered or any person responsible for the maintenance of such person, of the fee which he intends to charge for such services –***
- a) when so requested by the person concerned; or***
  - b) when such fee exceeds that is usually charged for such services,***
- and shall in a case to which paragraph (b) relates, also inform the person concerned of the usual fee.***

- (2) Any practitioner who in respect of any professional services rendered by him claims payment from any person shall furnish the patient with a detailed account within a reasonable period.**
- (3) (a) The patient may, within three months after receipt of the account referred to in subsection (2) apply in writing to the Professional Practice Committee should have been charged in respect of the services to which the account relates, and the Professional Practice Committee shall, as soon as possible after receipt of the application, determine the said amount and notify the practitioner and the patient in writing of the amount so determined: Provided that before the Professional Practice Committee determines the said amount, it shall afford the practitioner concerned an opportunity to submit to it in writing his case in support of the amount charged.**
- (b) The decision of the Professional Practice Committee under this section shall be final.**
- (c) The Council may, after consultation with the Professional Practice Committee, make such regulations as it may deem necessary.**
- (d) The Professional Practice Committee may from time to time determine and publish the fees used by the Professional Practice Committee as norm for the determination of amounts contemplated in paragraph (a).**
- (4) A claim which is the subject of an application referred to in subsection (3) of which notice has been given by the Professional Practice Committee or the patient to the practitioner, shall not be recoverable until a decision has been made in terms of that subsection, and when such a decision has been made no amount which exceeds the amount so determined, shall be payable: Provided that if the patient has paid to the practitioner an amount in settlement or part settlement of such claim and such amount exceeds the amount so determined, the practitioner shall pay the amount by which that payment exceeds the amount so determined, the practitioner shall pay the amount by which that payment exceeds the amount so determined back to the patient.**
- 84. The High Court may on application by the Minister or any association represented on the Council or any person affected by the decision of the Council or any committee of the Council that:**

*(a) the Education Committee have failed to secure the maintenance of the prescribed standard or proficiency at examinations*

*(b) the Council or any of the Committees ought to exercise any power, perform any duty, or do any act or thing vested, imposed on or authorized to be done by them by any provision of this Act*

*direct the Council, Education Committee or any other committee that it carries out exercise or perform the said power, duty or do any act or thing as required by this Act.*

## PART XVII

### REGULATIONS AND SAVINGS

85. The Minister may, with the advice of the Council, make regulations for carrying out or giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing such regulations may –

(a) prescribe the fees payable –

(i) upon registration or renewal of registration in a register; or

(ii) on transfer from one register to another register; or

(iii) for a restoration of a register; or

(iv) for registration of an additional or specialist qualification; or

(v) for the use of a duplicate certificate of registration or a certificate extract from a register or other certificate issued by the Registrar; or

(vi) in respect of private practice; or

(vii) for any other matter under this Act;

(b) prescribe the forms required to be prescribed under this Act;

(c) prescribe the acts considered to be or not to be acts specially pertaining to profession or calling in respect of which a register is kept under this Act;

(d) make provision for the conduct, supervision of private practice and

other matters relating thereto;

- (e) make provision for the registration, control and regulation or persons who practice professions or callings allied to medicine and dentistry and whose work is concerned closely with the prevention or treatment of any physical or mental ailment in human beings.

86. Repeal and savings.